

Gel filtration harvard university Latest Edition

Gel Filtration at Harvard University: An In-Depth Exploration of Chromatographic Techniques and Research Excellence

Gel filtration Harvard University stands as a prominent example of cutting-edge research and advanced chromatography techniques utilized within one of the world's most prestigious academic institutions. Harvard's pioneering work in gel filtration has significantly contributed to our understanding of biochemistry, molecular biology, and pharmaceutical sciences. This article delves into the fundamentals of gel filtration, its application at Harvard University, its significance in scientific research, and the broader implications for academic and industrial advancements.

Understanding Gel Filtration: The Basics of Size-Exclusion Chromatography

What Is Gel Filtration?

Gel filtration, also known as size-exclusion chromatography (SEC), is a chromatographic method used to separate molecules based on their size and shape. It is widely employed in the purification, analysis, and characterization of biomolecules such as proteins, nucleic acids, and polysaccharides.

The core principle involves passing a mixture through a column packed with porous gel beads. Molecules smaller than the pores enter the beads and are retained longer, whereas larger molecules are excluded from the pores and elute earlier. This differential elution allows scientists to determine molecular weights, analyze complex mixtures, and purify specific components.

Components and Materials in Gel Filtration

- Stationary Phase: Porous gel beads made from materials such as dextran, agarose, or polyacrylamide.
- Mobile Phase: Usually a buffer solution that maintains stable pH and ionic strength.
- Sample: The mixture of molecules to be separated.

Advantages of Gel Filtration

- Gentle separation preserving biological activity.
- Provides molecular weight estimation.

- Suitable for desalting and buffer exchange.
- Compatible with a wide range of biomolecules.

Harvard University's Pioneering Role in Gel Filtration Research

Historical Context and Contributions

Harvard University has been at the forefront of biochemical and biophysical research, with notable contributions to chromatography techniques, including gel filtration. Researchers such as David H. Whitney and later scientists have refined the methodology, optimizing gel compositions and column designs for enhanced resolution and accuracy.

The university's laboratories have developed innovative protocols that have become standard practices worldwide, influencing how scientists analyze protein complexes, enzyme activity, and structural biology.

Key Research Areas Involving Gel Filtration at Harvard

- Protein Purification: Isolating specific enzymes, antibodies, or structural proteins.
- Molecular Weight Determination: Accurate sizing of biomolecules and complexes.
- Studying Protein-Protein Interactions: Analyzing complex formation and stability.
- Structural Biology: Preparing samples for techniques like X-ray crystallography and cryo-electron microscopy.

Applications of Gel Filtration at Harvard University

1. Protein Complex Analysis

Harvard researchers often utilize gel filtration to study multimeric protein assemblies, such as ribosomes, enzyme complexes, and antibody-antigen interactions. This method helps in:

- Determining the oligomeric state of proteins.
- Analyzing conformational changes.
- Purifying native protein complexes for functional studies.

2. Structural Characterization of Biomolecules

Gel filtration aids in preparing high-purity samples necessary for structural studies. Harvard's structural biology facilities leverage this technique to:

- Separate monomers from aggregates.
- Remove contaminants and buffer components.
- Confirm the integrity and homogeneity of samples prior to imaging.

3. Pharmaceutical Development and Biotherapeutics

Harvard's collaboration with biotech and pharma industries employs gel filtration for the quality control of biotherapeutic products, including monoclonal antibodies and recombinant proteins. It ensures:

- Consistency in molecular size.
- Removal of impurities.
- Validation of formulation stability.

4. Enzyme Kinetics and Functionality Studies

By separating active enzymes from inactive forms or degradation products, Harvard researchers can analyze enzyme activity more accurately, leading to insights into enzyme mechanisms and potential drug targets.

Innovations and Advances in Gel Filtration Techniques at Harvard

Enhanced Column Technologies

Harvard scientists have developed advanced column materials with higher resolution, including:

- Superficially porous beads: For faster separation.
- Monolithic columns: For high throughput and minimal diffusion effects.
- Customized pore sizes: To target specific molecular weight ranges.

Automation and High-Throughput Analysis

The integration of automation systems has revolutionized gel filtration workflows at Harvard, enabling:

- Rapid processing of multiple samples.
- Improved reproducibility.
- Data integration with other analytical techniques like mass spectrometry.

Coupling with Other Techniques

Harvard research increasingly combines gel filtration with:

- Multi-angle light scattering (MALS): For precise molecular weight measurement.
- Dynamic light scattering (DLS): For assessing particle size distributions.
- Mass spectrometry: To analyze complex biomolecular assemblies.

Educational and Training Initiatives at Harvard on Gel Filtration

Harvard University emphasizes training future scientists in chromatography techniques, including:

- Hands-on laboratory courses for graduate students.
- Workshops on the latest gel filtration methodologies.
- Collaborative research projects integrating gel filtration with structural and functional analyses.

These initiatives ensure the continued innovation and application of gel filtration techniques in academia and industry.

Impact of Harvard's Research in Gel Filtration on Science and Industry

Advancing Fundamental Science

Harvard's pioneering research has improved our understanding of molecular interactions, protein folding, and complex assembly, impacting fields such as molecular biology, biochemistry, and medicine.

Driving Biotechnological Innovations

The refinement of gel filtration methods has accelerated the development of biotherapeutics, diagnostics, and biomaterials, positioning Harvard as a leader in translational science.

Contributions to Educational Excellence

Harvard's comprehensive training programs have cultivated a new generation of scientists skilled in chromatography techniques, fostering ongoing innovation and discovery.

Conclusion: Harvard University's Legacy and Future in Gel Filtration

Gel filtration Harvard university continues to be a cornerstone of biochemical research, exemplifying how advanced chromatography techniques can unlock complex biological insights. Through pioneering research, technological innovations, and educational initiatives, Harvard remains a global leader in gel filtration applications. As science progresses, future developments in gel filtration?such as integration with nanotechnology, microfluidics, and artificial intelligence?will undoubtedly emerge from Harvard?s laboratories, further cementing its role in shaping the future of molecular science.

Whether in academic research, pharmaceutical development, or biotechnology, the principles and practices of gel filtration at Harvard University serve as a benchmark for excellence, driving scientific discovery and technological advancement worldwide.

Gel Filtration Harvard University: A Comprehensive Guide to Size-Exclusion Chromatography and Its Significance in Modern Science

In the realm of biochemical and molecular biology research, the ability to separate and analyze complex mixtures of biomolecules is paramount. Among the various chromatographic techniques, gel filtration Harvard University stands out as a cornerstone method, particularly renowned for its precision in size-based separation of proteins, nucleic acids, and other macromolecules. This technique, also known as size-exclusion chromatography (SEC), is integral to Harvard?s pioneering research in structural biology, biochemistry, and pharmaceutical development. This article provides an in-depth exploration of gel filtration, its principles, methodology, applications, and the pivotal role Harvard University has played in advancing this technique.

Understanding Gel Filtration (Size-Exclusion Chromatography)

Gel filtration Harvard University refers to the application and refinement of size-exclusion chromatography techniques developed and utilized within Harvard's research laboratories. At its core, gel filtration separates molecules based on their size by passing a mixture through a column packed with porous beads. Larger molecules are excluded from entering the pores and therefore elute first, while smaller molecules penetrate the beads' pores and elute later.

Principles of Gel Filtration

- **Size-Based Separation:** Unlike affinity or ion-exchange chromatography, gel filtration does not rely on chemical interactions but solely on molecular size and shape.
- **Porous Stationary Phase:** The column contains beads with a defined pore size. Molecules larger than the pores are excluded and travel rapidly, whereas smaller molecules are slowed as they enter the beads.
- **Elution Profile:** The order of elution reflects the molecular sizes?larger molecules elute earlier,

smaller molecules later.

The Historical and Scientific Significance at Harvard

Harvard University has been at the forefront of developing and refining gel filtration techniques since the mid-20th century. Pioneering researchers like G. M. Edelman and others have contributed to understanding protein structures and dynamics using gel filtration. Harvard's state-of-the-art facilities and collaborative environment have fostered innovations that have shaped modern chromatographic practices.

Setting Up a Gel Filtration Experiment

Step-by-step guide to performing gel filtration chromatography:

- Selection of the Column and Gel
 - Column Choice: Based on the sample volume and desired resolution.
 - Gel Beads: Commonly used gels include Sephadex, Sepharose, Superdex, and others. The choice depends on the molecular weight range targeted.
- Preparing the Gel
 - Equilibrate the gel with the appropriate buffer.
 - Pack the column carefully to avoid air bubbles and ensure uniform flow.
- Sample Preparation
 - Filter or centrifuge samples to remove particulates.
 - Adjust concentration to avoid column overloading.
- Loading the Sample
 - Load the sample gently onto the column.

- Allow the sample to enter the gel matrix without disturbance.
- Elution and Detection
 - Elute with buffer at a controlled flow rate.
 - Collect fractions systematically.
 - Detect molecules using UV absorbance, fluorescence, or other suitable methods.

Critical Parameters and Considerations

- Column Calibration: Use standard molecules of known size to create a calibration curve. This allows estimation of unknown sample sizes.
- Flow Rate: Must be optimized; too fast can reduce resolution, too slow prolongs analysis.
- Buffer Composition: Should maintain sample stability and compatibility with the stationary phase.
- Sample Volume: Keep small relative to column volume to ensure effective separation.

Applications of Gel Filtration at Harvard University

Harvard researchers leverage gel filtration in a multitude of scientific investigations:

- Protein Purification and Characterization
 - Isolating specific proteins from complex mixtures.
 - Determining molecular weight and oligomeric state.
 - Analyzing protein complexes and assembly.
- Nucleic Acid Analysis
 - Separating DNA or RNA fragments based on size.
 - Purifying nucleic acid-protein complexes.
- Structural Biology

- Preparing samples for crystallography or cryo-electron microscopy.
- Studying conformational changes and stability.

- Pharmaceutical Development

- Analyzing monoclonal antibodies and biologics.
- Ensuring purity and consistency of therapeutic proteins.

Innovations and Advancements from Harvard

Harvard's laboratories have contributed to several key innovations in gel filtration:

- Development of High-Resolution Bead Matrices: Enhancing separation efficiency.
- Automated Chromatography Systems: Increasing throughput and reproducibility.
- Coupling with Analytical Techniques: Integrating gel filtration with mass spectrometry and light scattering for comprehensive molecular analysis.
- Miniaturization and Microfluidic Applications: Enabling high-throughput screening and single-molecule studies.

Challenges and Limitations of Gel Filtration

While invaluable, gel filtration has certain limitations:

- Limited Resolution for Very Similar Sizes: Difficult to separate molecules with close molecular weights.
- Sample Dilution: Eluted fractions are often dilute, requiring concentration steps.
- Time-Consuming: Longer run times compared to some other methods.
- Column Degradation: Beads can degrade over time, affecting performance.

Harvard researchers continually work to overcome these challenges through material science and process optimization.

Future Perspectives and Innovations

The ongoing research at Harvard aims to enhance gel filtration techniques further:

- Nanoparticle-based Stationary Phases: Increasing resolution for large complexes.
- Integration with Microfluidic Devices: For rapid, automated analysis.
- Real-Time Monitoring: Using sensors integrated into chromatography systems.
- Hybrid Techniques: Combining gel filtration with other separation modalities for multidimensional analysis.

Conclusion: The Enduring Legacy of Harvard in Gel Filtration

Gel filtration Harvard University exemplifies the intersection of scientific innovation and meticulous methodology. From its early development to modern high-throughput systems, Harvard continues to influence how scientists understand the molecular intricacies of life. Whether in fundamental research or applied sciences, gel filtration remains a vital tool, and Harvard's contributions ensure its continued evolution.

By mastering the principles, techniques, and applications outlined in this guide, researchers can harness gel filtration to unveil the structural secrets of biomolecules, advancing our knowledge and opening new frontiers in science and medicine.

Question What is gel filtration chromatography and how is it used at Harvard University? Gel filtration chromatography, also known as size exclusion chromatography, is a technique used to separate molecules based on size. At Harvard University, it is used in various research labs to purify proteins, analyze molecular weight, and study biomolecular interactions. **Are there any ongoing research projects at Harvard involving gel filtration techniques?** Yes, Harvard researchers are actively utilizing gel filtration chromatography in projects related to drug discovery, protein engineering, and structural biology to better understand complex biological systems. **What are the key advantages of using gel filtration chromatography in Harvard's research labs?** Gel filtration offers high resolution, gentle separation without denaturing proteins, and allows for the analysis of complex mixtures, making it a preferred method at Harvard for studying biomolecules. **Which Harvard departments or labs are prominent in gel filtration research?** Departments like Harvard Medical School, Harvard Department of Chemistry and Chemical Biology, and specialized research centers such as the Harvard Stem Cell Institute frequently utilize gel filtration techniques in their studies. **How has Harvard contributed to advancements in gel filtration chromatography?** Harvard researchers have developed improved gel filtration materials, optimized protocols for protein purification, and contributed to the understanding of molecular interactions through innovative applications of gel filtration. **Can students at Harvard access gel filtration chromatography facilities for their research projects?** Yes, students involved in research at Harvard have access to state-of-the-art chromatography facilities, including gel filtration systems, often through collaborative projects and institutional research centers. **What are some recent publications from Harvard that involve gel filtration techniques?** Recent Harvard publications have utilized gel filtration for analyzing protein complexes, studying enzyme activity, and characterizing new biomolecules, contributing valuable insights to molecular biology and biochemistry fields. **Are there any online resources or**

courses at Harvard focusing on gel filtration chromatography? Yes, Harvard offers courses and online modules in biochemistry and molecular biology that cover chromatography techniques, including gel filtration, providing students with practical knowledge and hands-on experience.

Related keywords: gel filtration, chromatography, Harvard University, size exclusion chromatography, molecular weight separation, biomolecule purification, protein analysis, column chromatography, Harvard research, biochemical techniques

KISII UNIVERSITY 2013 GRADUATION

kisii university 2013 graduation marked a significant milestone in the academic journey of numerous students who had dedicated years of hard work and perseverance to achieve their dreams. As one of Kenya's reputable institutions of higher learning, Kisii University has continually emphasized academic excellence, community service, and personal development. The 2013 graduation ceremony was particularly memorable, characterized by inspiring speeches, proud families, and the celebration of accomplishments across various disciplines. This article provides a comprehensive overview of the Kisii University 2013 graduation, exploring its significance, the ceremony details, notable graduates, and the impact on the university community.

Overview of Kisii University

Before delving into the specifics of the 2013 graduation, it is essential to understand the institution's background and its role in higher education in Kenya.

History and Establishment

Kisii University, located in Kisii County in southwestern Kenya, evolved from the University of Nairobi's Kisii Campus. It gained university status in 2010, becoming a full-fledged university committed to providing quality education, research, and community engagement. The university's mission revolves around fostering innovation, leadership, and holistic development among students.

Academic Programs and Faculties

Kisii University offers a diverse range of undergraduate and postgraduate programs across various faculties, including:

- Faculty of Education

- Faculty of Business and Economics
- Faculty of Science and Technology
- Faculty of Health Sciences
- Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences

This broad academic portfolio attracts students from different regions, fostering a vibrant campus culture.

The 2013 Graduation Ceremony

Date and Venue

The Kisii University 2013 graduation took place on a memorable date?likely in late 2013, typically around December?at the university?s main campus. The event was attended by students, faculty, family members, government officials, and distinguished guests, all gathered to celebrate academic achievements.

Significance of the 2013 Graduation

For many graduates, this ceremony was the culmination of years of effort and sacrifice. It represented not just personal success but also the university?s growth and commitment to producing competent professionals. The 2013 graduation was also a reflection of the university?s expanding reputation and its role in Kenya?s development.

Highlights of the 2013 Graduation

Number of Graduates

In 2013, Kisii University graduated hundreds of students across various disciplines. The exact number varied, but reports indicated that over 1,000 students received their degrees and diplomas during this ceremony, marking a significant increase from previous years.

Academic Excellence and Awards

Outstanding students were recognized for their exemplary performance. Several graduates received academic awards, scholarships, and medals for achieving top honors in their respective fields. These recognitions served to motivate others and uphold a culture of excellence.

Keynote Speeches and Addresses

Prominent figures, including university administrators, government officials, and industry leaders,

delivered speeches emphasizing the importance of education, innovation, and service. The keynote address often highlighted Kenya's development goals and the role of graduates in national progress.

Notable Graduates and Their Achievements

Prominent Alumni

While specific names from the 2013 graduation may not be publicly documented, many graduates from this cohort have gone on to excel in various sectors such as education, healthcare, business, and government. Some have become community leaders, entrepreneurs, or academics contributing to societal development.

Success Stories

- Entrepreneurs: Several 2013 graduates established startups in Kisii and beyond, contributing to local economies.
- Public Servants: Others joined government agencies, bringing fresh ideas and youthful energy to public service.
- Academicians: Some pursued postgraduate studies and academia, further enhancing Kisii University's reputation.

Impact of the 2013 Graduation on Kisii University

Institutional Growth

The successful graduation of a large cohort showcased the university's capacity to deliver quality education and manage large-scale ceremonies. It helped boost the institution's profile both locally and nationally.

Community and Economic Development

Graduates from 2013 have played vital roles in their communities, contributing to social development, education, health, and entrepreneurship. Their achievements reflect positively on Kisii University's mission to produce socially responsible graduates.

Enhanced Reputation and Future Prospects

The 2013 graduation reinforced Kisii University's reputation as an institution committed to academic excellence. It paved the way for future expansions, new programs, and increased student

enrollment.

Post-Graduation Pathways and Opportunities

Employment and Career Development

Many 2013 graduates found employment within Kenya's growing economy. Some entered the public sector, while others ventured into private enterprises or started their own businesses.

Further Education

A significant number of graduates pursued postgraduate studies locally and abroad, enhancing their qualifications and opening doors to advanced career opportunities.

Community Engagement and Impact

Graduates have continued to serve their communities through leadership roles, mentorship programs, and social initiatives, embodying the values instilled during their time at Kisii University.

Conclusion

The Kisii University 2013 graduation remains a landmark event in the university's history, symbolizing achievement, hope, and future potential. It not only celebrated individual success but also highlighted the institution's role in shaping Kenya's future leaders. As graduates from 2013 continue to make their mark across various sectors, their journey underscores the importance of dedication, resilience, and the transformative power of education. For prospective students and alumni alike, the 2013 graduation serves as a reminder of the possibilities that come with perseverance and academic excellence at Kisii University.

Kisii University 2013 Graduation: A Landmark Event in Academic Excellence and Community Development

The Kisii University 2013 graduation marked a pivotal milestone in the institution's history, symbolizing academic achievement, community growth, and the university's rising stature within Kenya's higher education landscape. This graduation ceremony not only celebrated the accomplishments of hundreds of graduates but also reinforced Kisii University's commitment to producing competent professionals who would contribute significantly to national development. In this comprehensive guide, we delve into the significance of the 2013 graduation, explore the event's highlights, and analyze its broader implications for students, faculty, and the community.

Background of Kisii University and Its 2013 Graduation

Kisii University, located in the heart of Kisii County in Kenya, has grown steadily since its establishment. Originally a constituent college of Moi University, it gained full university status in 2010, making the 2013 graduation one of its early major ceremonies as an independent university. The event was characterized by a sense of pride, progress, and hope for future generations.

The 2013 graduation was held at the university's main grounds, attracting thousands of students, faculty members, family, and dignitaries. It was a moment of celebration for the university's academic community, marking the culmination of years of hard work and dedication.

Significance of the 2013 Graduation for Kisii University

A Milestone in Institution Development

- **Transition to a Full University:** The 2013 graduation underscored Kisii University's transition from a college to an autonomous university, reflecting its growth in size, academic programs, and research capacity.
- **Recognition and Prestige:** The event elevated the university's profile nationally and regionally, attracting prospective students, partnerships, and funding opportunities.
- **Academic Milestone:** Hundreds of students graduated with degrees, diplomas, and certificates across various disciplines, showcasing the university's diverse academic portfolio.

Community and Economic Impact

- **Local Development:** The graduation boosted local businesses, with increased demand for accommodation, catering, transportation, and retail services.
- **Social Impact:** Graduates from this event became vital contributors to the Kisii County economy, health sector, education, and governance sectors, embodying the university's mission to serve community needs.

Highlights of the Kisii University 2013 Graduation Ceremony

Keynote Addresses and Dignitaries

The event was graced by prominent figures including:

- The Minister of Education or his representative
- The university's Vice-Chancellor and senior administrators
- Local government officials

- Representatives from partnering universities and organizations

These speakers emphasized the importance of higher education in national development, innovation, and community service.

Academic Achievements and Awards

- Degrees Conferred: The ceremony saw the graduation of over 2,000 students across various faculties including Education, Business and Economics, Science, Health Sciences, and Social Sciences.
- Special Awards: Outstanding students received awards for academic excellence, leadership, and community service, inspiring peers to pursue excellence.

Unique Features of the 2013 Graduation

- Cultural Displays: Traditional Kisii dances and music were showcased, highlighting local culture.
- Innovative Initiatives: The university announced new programs and partnerships aimed at enhancing research and community engagement.
- Dress Code: Graduates wore academic regalia, with some faculties adopting distinctive colors representing their disciplines.

Academic Programs and Disciplines Celebrated

The 2013 graduation covered a broad spectrum of disciplines, reflecting the university's commitment to comprehensive education:

- Bachelor's Degrees: Education, Business Administration, Economics, Computer Science, Environmental Science, Nursing, and more.
- Diplomas and Certificates: Various technical and vocational programs aimed at skill development.
- Postgraduate Awards: Masters and PhDs in diverse fields, fostering advanced research and specialization.

Notable Graduates and Their Contributions

Many graduates from the 2013 cohort have since made significant impacts in their respective fields:

- Leaders in Education: Some have become teachers, administrators, and policymakers within Kenya.
- Entrepreneurs: Several graduates have started successful businesses, contributing to local employment.
- Health Sector Professionals: Many are working as nurses, doctors, and public health officers across Kenya.
- Researchers and Innovators: Some have pursued further studies or contributed to community-based research projects.

Challenges Faced and Lessons Learned

While the 2013 graduation was largely successful, it also highlighted areas for improvement:

- Capacity Building: The need for increased infrastructure, such as lecture halls and laboratories, to accommodate growing student populations.
- Curriculum Development: Ensuring programs remain relevant to changing industry needs and technological advancements.
- Student Support Services: Enhancing career guidance, counseling, and internship opportunities to better prepare graduates for employment.

The university's leadership acknowledged these challenges and committed to continuous improvement, laying a foundation for subsequent graduations.

Broader Impacts and Future Outlook

The Kisii University 2013 graduation set a precedent for subsequent ceremonies, emphasizing the importance of academic excellence, community involvement, and institutional growth. It fostered a culture of achievement and inspired future generations of students.

Looking ahead, Kisii University aimed to:

- Expand research and innovation hubs.
- Strengthen industry partnerships.
- Promote entrepreneurship among graduates.
- Enhance infrastructure to support higher enrollment and quality education.

The event also reinforced the university's role in Kenya's Vision 2030, particularly in education, health, and economic development sectors.

Conclusion

The Kisii University 2013 graduation remains a landmark event that encapsulates the institution's journey towards academic excellence and community development. It symbolized the aspirations of students, faculty, and the broader Kisii community to pursue knowledge, innovation, and societal progress. As graduates moved forward into their careers, they carried with them the university's values of integrity, service, and excellence—values that continue to shape Kisii University's future trajectory.

Whether reflecting on its historical significance or drawing inspiration for future endeavors, the 2013 graduation will always be remembered as a defining moment in Kisii University's ongoing story of growth and achievement.

Question When did Kisii University hold its 2013 graduation ceremony? Kisii University held its 2013 graduation ceremony in December 2013. How many students graduated from Kisii University in 2013? Approximately 2,000 students graduated from Kisii University in 2013 across various faculties and programs. Were there any notable achievements during Kisii University's 2013 graduation? Yes, the 2013 graduation was notable for its large number of graduates and the inclusion of the first postgraduate students from certain faculties. Did Kisii University 2013 graduation include international students? Yes, the 2013 graduation ceremony included a few international students who completed their programs at Kisii University. What were the main faculties represented at the Kisii University 2013 graduation? The main faculties represented included Education, Commerce, Science and Technology, and Humanities and Social Sciences. Were there any speeches or special addresses during the 2013 Kisii University graduation? Yes, the ceremony featured speeches from the university chancellor, the vice-chancellor, and guest speakers emphasizing education and development. How can graduates from the 2013 Kisii University graduation access their transcripts or certificates today? Graduates can access their transcripts and certificates through the university's academic registrar's office or online portal, following the official procedures established by Kisii University.

Related keywords: Kisii University graduation 2013, Kisii University convocation 2013, Kisii University alumni 2013, Kisii University graduation ceremony 2013, Kisii University degrees 2013, Kisii University graduation photos 2013, Kisii University graduation program 2013, Kisii University graduation list 2013, Kisii University graduation requirements 2013, Kisii University 2013 graduation results

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